

sound hearted friend, whose appearance  
one's well-bred gladdens the mind with







## Another Arrival from Europe.

New York, Feb. 24.—The Collins steamship Atlantic arrived at Sandy Hook at 10 o'clock last night, and reached her dock at 9 o'clock this morning. She left Liverpool on her regular day, the 8th inst., and experienced strong westerly gales for ten successive days. She was accompanied for three days in a large field of ice.

There are no tidings of the Pacific. The passengers apparently progressed favorably. The preliminary protocol was signed at Vienna on the 1st inst. by the representatives of France, England, Turkey, Russia, and Austria agreeing to open the conference at Paris within three weeks. Lord Clarendon is appointed the English plenipotentiary. There is a doubtful report that the Emperor of Russia and Austria will visit Paris during the conference. An armistice by land only will probably be agreed to until the 31st of March.

The main feature of the news is that Great Britain is much excited respecting the imminent danger of a war with the U. States. It was again reported on Liverpool exchange that Mr. Buchanan had demanded his passport. The story that high words had passed between Mr. Buchanan and Lord Clarendon is repeated. Mr. Buchanan's absence from Lady Palmerston's soirée is attributed to that cause. There are no particulars of the reported misunderstanding, as the English papers maintain complete silence on the subject.

The London Times (not an organ of the Ministry) says:

"We expect to hear every day that our Minister at Washington has received his passport and is on his way home. That, of course, will compel similar proceedings on our part with regard to the American Minister, and Mr. Crumpton and Mr. Buchanan, the two inoffensive gentlemen representing the two Governments of Washington and London, will probably cross each other on the Atlantic." After depicting the existence of a domestic quarrel, the Times says: "England has really apologized enough to satisfy the European Empire. We cannot hold her responsible for the extraneous matter. The Americans must reckon on an obstinate resistance if they drive us to it. Let them count the cost before they take the fatal step; else after two or three years they will make the calculation in vain."

The Paris Journal Des Debats has a long and labored editorial to prove that up to the present point the interests of France and England are identical, but that a continuation of the war either in the Baltic or Asia would only subvert the private interests of England.

There is nothing of importance or interest from the Crimea or Asia, except a statement that the last of the docks at Sebastopol had been destroyed.

General Prince Paskievitch died at Warsaw on the 1st of February.

## Still Later from Europe.

New York, Feb. 24.—Evening.—The Cunard steamship Asia has arrived, with Liverpool dates of the 9th inst., three days later than those by the Atlantic. She brings but little political news of importance.

The London Morning Advertiser states that Sir Henry Bulwer had intimated that he would like to act as a mediator between the British Government and Mr. Buchanan. This movement is said to be the desire of Lord Palmerston. An interview was taken place at the American Embassy, when Sir Henry would explain at length to Mr. Buchanan the compromise which he is prepared to recommend. All the other papers maintain a profound silence on this matter.

In the House of Commons Lord Palmerston, in answer to an inquiry from Mr. Cobden, said that the correspondence with the American Government upon Central American affairs would, when completed, be laid before Parliament. Mr. Halliwell remarked that he would then postpone a motion of which he had previously given notice, relating to the enlistments of the U. States, until after the correspondence had been made public.

The London Times of the 9th inst., censures the course taken by both the English and American Cabinets in reference to existing difficulties, and, after remarking that even forbearance must have its limits, concludes as follows: "We are as desirous of peace as Mr. Cobden can be; but we know that when a nation becomes too proud to listen to reason, the only appeal is to arms."

The British steam-ship *Polypheuse* was recently totally lost on the northwest coast of Iceland.

A severe gale occurred on the English coast on the 7th inst., in which many vessels suffered injury, including among them several from the United States.

## Recantation of the "Ex-Monk Leachy."

A letter from Fondulac, Wisconsin, states that the "ex-monk Leachy," so notorious for his lectures against the Catholic Church, and lately convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for life on account of killing his wife's parsonage, has for eighteen months been constantly pleading to be re-admitted to the communion of the church. Capital punishment having been abolished in Wisconsin, he was not banded for the murder he had committed. His imprisonment brought him to reflection, and after eighteen months of probation, having a year ago made a written recantation, he was admitted to penance on the 20th ult., after having again by word of mouth made a recantation in presence of the assembled prisoners, and begged pardon of God and man. In sending his written recantation to the bishop of Milwaukee, a year ago, he expressed his willingness that it should be published. This, however, was deemed unnecessary, as no one could really have believed his falsehoods.

The Twenty-Serend at Cincinnati.—The Cincinnati papers contain glowing accounts of the grand celebration of the 22d in that city, which is estimated at 20,000 strangers there. Besides a very imposing military and civic procession, there was a grand illumination at night, brilliant displays of fireworks, elegant banquets, and numerous speeches. The Gazette says all classes, the Protestant and the Catholic, the native and the foreigner, German and Irish, Jew and Gentile, all united to do honor to the Father of our Country.

And an inventory of Lowell, Mass.—Several *Massachusetts* papers state that he has been cutting the wire 55 inches thick.

## Shocking Affair in Illinois—A Man Hung by a Mob.

We learn from a traveler—Mr. Gray, of Jefferson, Mo., that a terrible affair took place at Charleston, Calaveras county, Illinois, on Friday. A. F. Monroe was in the jail at that place, under sentence of death, the day fixed for the execution being the 15th ult. The case was a very notorious one. The individual murdered was a relative of the murderer, and a man named Brook, became famous by making application by letter to be allowed the privilege of acting as hangman. A large crowd gathered at Charleston to see the hanging, but learned that the Governor had postponed that ceremony for ninety days.

Great indignation at the fact that the show was not to come off, was expressed, and after whiskey had circulated freely for a time there was much talk of tearing down the jail and obliterating the man anyhow. About twelve o'clock this feeling became rampant, and the crowd proceeded to the jail. There was a crowd of twelve men stationed at that institution, but they allowed themselves to be driven away, and the mob demanded entrance to the building. The jailer's wife, however, locked and bolted the door and bade them defiance. The mob became infuriated, and attacked the window of the cell in which Monroe was confined, with crow-bars, axes and sledges, and after three hours' hard work removed a bar and made a hole large enough for one man to crawl through. An individual was sent in to take the prisoner, but it was like boarding the *Titanic* in his den, for a terrible fight ensued, in which the invader was wounded. But reinforcements crept in and Monroe was dragged out. Then there was some difficulty as to what disposal should be made of the murderer, only two or three persons being willing to take the responsibility of hanging him. But after some consultation he was tucked up to a tree, where he remained until dead. It is thought that one brave and strong man could have exerted sufficient influence in the crowd to have saved Monroe, and prevented the deep despair which now falls upon the town and State. But that man was not forthcoming. Several of the ringleaders of the mob have been arrested.

Flight of a Negro Wench with a White Man.—The *Fort*—The *Capture*—The *Parties Juggled*.—Early yesterday morning a negro woman belonging to Mr. Jos. Newland, a merchant well and favorably known to this city, disappeared from the premises of her master, and by a previous understanding, met a miscreant abolitionist by the name of Eliza Hyler, from New York, on Main street, at the Portland Railroad Depot, and the train took passage and repaired to Portland, and thence across to New Albion.

The woman was most gorgeously attired, being dressed in a rich black silk robe, hung with innumerable floating filices. A magnificent set of furs graced her shoulders and neck, while over her interesting physiognomy hung a thick green veil. Thus equipped, no one ever suspected her of being of Ethiopian extraction; but the pair were foiled in their endeavors to escape by a slight indiscretion on the part of the man. After the boat had reached the Indiana side, and when the passengers had gone ashore, the party in question was about to leave also, when the New York boat-conned that he would steal a delicious kiss from her ruby lips; and, in order to do this, the thick veil was raised, which displayed to the view of the Collector on the boat the color of the woman's face, whereupon he called upon her for free papers, and they not being forthcoming, he instantly brought her back to Kentucky and put her in possession of an officer, who brought her up to the city to the office of Esquire Mackay, who, after a full hearing of the case, had her committed to jail to await an order from her master. Mr. Newland, up to that period, was not aware that she had left his family residence.

At the critical juncture when the woman was seized on the ferry, her valiant and intrepid modern New York Don Quixote suddenly disappeared, but vigilant and efficient officers were dispatched in quest of him, who, after a short but diligent search, found him in New Albany, and brought him to this city and lodged him in jail, where he will remain until a speedy course of law shall send him up to Frankfurt to serve the State for a few years.—*Louisville Democrat*.

Gen. Scott on the Union and the Men of the Revolution.—Gen. Scott sent the following letter in answer to an invitation to attend the celebration of the anniversary of Washington's birthday to Cincinnati:—

New York, Feb. 12, 1858.

I have always approached Cincinnati with pleasure, and should hardly feel myself an American if I neglected to visit the city of the Ohio and Mississippi at least once in five years. It is, therefore, with no ordinary regret that I find myself obliged to decline the honor of being present at your celebration of the 22d inst.—a day which I agree with Cincinnati, ought to be consecrated to our second national anniversary.

The generally increasing disposition to honor the memory of the Father of his Country, and that of his co-laborers, is a happy augury in favor of perpetuating the Union of these sister States. Party extremists, bordering on insanity, prodigal in politics, ready for treason, might perhaps, by certain rivers and mountains, or other disastrous lines, break that glorious Union into fragments; but that our richest inheritance, I thank God!—one and indivisible—I mean the fame of Washington and Franklin, Adams and Jefferson, Lee and Livingston, Langdon and Rutledge, Greene and Wayne, Warren and Monroe, and the fame of a legion of like spirits, who, with liberty, gave us national independence, a national government, and a national history. Can there be an American not ready to oppose a death struggle against disruption—that is, the loss of his birthright in the deeds of one of those heroes or warriors? Or that does not proudly boast that their

Language was my mother tongue,

And their names identified with my own?

Hoping that all parts of the Union may be represented at your celebration, and every national sentiment prevail.

WENDELL SCOTT.

The navigation of the Ohio is now fully opened, and commerce is running.

The ice on the Mississippi also broke on Monday last, and the steamboats, several of their first class, were sunk by the gorges at Louisville.

Mr. Miller, who met with the severe accident at the Hanover Junction, week before last, is getting better, and hopes are entertained that his leg may be saved.

The celebrated boxer and batty "Yankee Sullivan," it appears by letters from the Sandwich Islands, is in London; and the King Kamehameha IV is said to have no higher pleasure than boxing and keeping company with the rowdy Sullivan. On one occasion Sullivan's wife was in the royal box at the circus, and the ambassadors of France and England sought admittance and were refused. This is indeed a startling picture of affairs at the Hawaiian Court.

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THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG.

MONDAY, MARCH 2, 1858.

Our thanks are due to Hon. D. F. Robinson for interesting documents. We were fearful he had forgotten us; but we are now pleasantly relieved from our apprehension. We hope he will continue his favors.

## Nomination for President.

It will be seen by the proceedings in a following column, that the American party have nominated Mr. FILLMORE as their candidate for the Presidency. The Republican Convention, we suppose, which adjourned to meet in June, will probably not choose him as their standard-bearer, because he does not sympathize with their ultra anti-slavery notions; so that there is every probability there may be three candidates in the field, which will insure the triumph of the Democratic candidate, whoever he may be. The high character of Mr. FILLMORE, and his firm, upright administration whilst President, will bring a strength to him, which few others could command. He has a very strong hold upon the good will of the conservative party of the Union.

Nothing definite, of course, can be known as to the probabilities of Mr. Fillmore's success, until all the Conventions are held, and the situation of affairs can be fairly seen.

Orphan's Court adjourned, on Tuesday last, after a brief session, the argument last having been postponed to the 18th of March, when an adjourned argument Court will be held. After the disposal of some minor business, Hon. M. McLEAN formally announced the death of JAMES G. REED, Esq., and after ordering the resolutions adopted at a meeting of the officers of the Court and members of the Bar, to be recorded upon the records of the several Courts, the Court adjourned.

The morning train with passengers for York and Baltimore now leaves Hagerstown at 9 o'clock—15 minutes earlier than formerly; and the afternoon train at 3 o'clock instead of 1:40, as heretofore.

On Thursday week, the hind ear of the passenger train on the Central Railroad was run into near Huntingdon, smashing the car, and severely injuring several of the passengers. One gentleman, who had his legs broken, has since died. His name was Alexander Summers, of Rockville, Milford county. Mr. T. WARREN, Sen., of this place, was on the train, and in the car which received the immediate shock from the locomotive, but escaped with a slight bruising of his hand.

The municipal election took place at Frederick on Monday last. Lewis Brunner, the Democratic candidate, was elected Mayor by a majority over Orin F. Butler, K. N. The Democrats elected 4 Aldermen and 1 City Councilman; the K. N.'s, 1 Alderman and 6 Councilmen.

At a meeting of the American State Council at Philadelphia, on Monday last, a resolution was adopted, authorizing the subordinate Councils to dispense with the oaths and obligations imposed by the ritual, and requiring only a pledge of honor to carry out the principles of the American party, and opposition to all parties who are in favor of a dissolution of the Union.

A destructive fire took place yesterday morning, week, about 3 o'clock, at the Cambria Iron Works, at Johnstown, Pa., which destroyed the large casting-house at furnaces 1 and 2, of the range of new furnaces erected by the Company. The engine house and the machinery were also much injured. The great accumulation of snow prevented the destruction of the other two furnaces. The loss is estimated at \$40,000.

A young man named Greenwalt, in the employment of Mr. Houser, in Spring Garden township, York county, had his skull fractured, and was instantly killed, on the 22d ult., by a kick from a mule.

## Destructive Freshet in the Ohio.

On the 23d ult., a freshet commenced in the Lackawanna river, and the ice breaking up, unusual quantities were thrown into the Ohio river, breaking up the ice opposite Cincinnati, and causing great destruction among the steamboats along the levee. Twelve steamboats were sunk, a number of other boats injured, and many flatboats and barges sunk. The total loss so far is estimated at \$200,000 to \$300,000.

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## Legislative.

The act to change the place of holding the general and township elections for the townships of Latimore and Huntingdon, in the county of Adams, passed the House finally on Tuesday last.

The bill to abolish the office of County Superintendent of Common Schools, is under discussion in the House of Representatives.

The bill repealing the act making an annual appropriation of \$2,000 to the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society, passed the House on second reading, on Wednesday, March 4, 1858.

The bill to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses was considered and postponed for the present.

The bill to incorporate the Montgomery order of the *Knights of the Ku Klux*, in Adams county, which passed the House, was reported against by the Senate committee, on the ground that the Courts have jurisdiction in the matter.

The bill to restore the tonnage tax on Coal and Lumber transported over the Pennsylvania Railroad, passed the House finally on Thursday, by the decisive vote of 68 to 23.

The bill to incorporate the Bank of Crawford county, passed the Senate on Friday, 17 to 9. The bill to incorporate the Central Bank of Pennsylvania, at Hollidaysburg, also passed, 21 to 11.

The bill for the more speedy cancellation of the relief issues of the State, was debated at length in the House on Friday, and negotiated—voted 50, yeas 58.

By the death of Gen. STAHL, of York, the office of Major General of the Division composed of the Counties of York and Adams is rendered vacant.

The Democratic State Convention will meet at Harrisburg to-morrow. Mr. Buchanan will, of course, receive the almost unanimous support of the Delegates for the Presidency. Nominations will be made for Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, and Surveyor General. Our neighbor, Mr. DANKE, is the delegate from Adams county; and we observe his name very favorably noticed in a number of papers, in connection with the Auditor Generalship. There is a large number of candidates for each of the offices.

Prepare for War.—On Tuesday last, the President transmitted to Congress a special Message, recommending an appropriation of three millions of dollars to prepare armaments and ammunition for the fortifications, to increase the supply of improved small arms, and to apply recent improvements to arms of old patterns belonging to the U. States and the several States.

A bill was reported in the Senate, on Tuesday, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, proposing an appropriation of two millions of dollars, for building ten sloops of war, to be fitted with screw propellers, and to be built either by contract or at the navy yards, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy.

The *National Intelligencer*, well known to the country for its steady fidelity to Whig principles, seems to be highly gratified with the nominations of the American Convention. It says it is not for it to determine what course the Whigs may pursue under the present political circumstances of the country, what candidate they may select, or what persons they may support for the Chief Magistracy; that it will be deemed proper by them to take counsel together as to the path which their duty to the country and to their principles shall prescribe, and that path we, as unwavering adherents of the party, shall be prepared to tread without hesitation and without faltering. It adds, however, as follows:—Whether they shall resolve upon an independent course or not, and whether it lead to success or failure, belong to the future; but we should be unfaithful to our own sentiments and affirmations, if we were to suppress now the expression of our opinion of the merits of Mr. Fillmore, and the confidence with which, on trial, he inspired the country in his qualifications for a wise and safe and conservative President.

On Thursday last, the Legislature of Ohio elected the Hon. B. F. WANE, (Rep.) U. S. Senator for six years from the 4th of March. The vote was—Wade 100, Tod 36, scattering 2.

The extensive warehouse of Buhr & Co., Commission merchants, in Market near Tenth street, Philadelphia, fell suddenly, on Thursday last, with a tremendous crash. Quite a number of persons were near, and passing at the time, three of whom were killed, being crushed under the falling walls. It is seriously apprehended that others are in the ruins.

Fire in Columbia.—A fire broke out in Columbia, Pa. on Friday afternoon, at a building of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad Company. The office of the "Spy," which is in this building, was considerably damaged, and in consequence there was no issue of that paper on Saturday.

The Indian.—In almost every quarter of the Union the Indian is up in arms. In Florida—Texas—Oregon—Washington Territory—California, and on the vast plains east of the Rocky Mountains, the war whoop is heard. Every mail from those regions brings us details of massacres, skirmishes and battles.

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